

Edofoam ER 400 Tablet

Etodolac (400mg) Tablet

Etodolac is a nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drug (NSAID) that is used to relieve pain, inflammation, and swelling caused by various conditions, including arthritis, musculoskeletal disorders, and acute pain.

Composition

- **Etodolac: 400 mg**
 - An NSAID that works by inhibiting enzymes (COX-1 and COX-2) involved in the production of prostaglandins, chemicals that promote inflammation, pain, and fever.
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Indications

Etodolac is primarily used for:

1. **Osteoarthritis**
 - Reduces joint pain, swelling, and stiffness in individuals with osteoarthritis.
 2. **Rheumatoid Arthritis**
 - Manages inflammation and pain associated with rheumatoid arthritis.
 3. **Acute Pain**
 - Provides relief from short-term pain, such as pain after surgery or injury.
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Dosage and Administration

- **Adults:**

- Typically, 1 tablet (400 mg) once a day or as directed by your healthcare provider. The dose may be adjusted based on the severity of the condition and the individual's response to treatment.
- For certain conditions, the dose may be increased to 600 mg or 800 mg per day, divided into 2 or 3 doses.

- **Administration:**

- Take the tablet with a full glass of water.
- Do not crush or chew the tablet.

Note: Always follow the prescribed dosage and frequency as directed by your doctor.

How It Works

- Etodolac works by blocking the activity of cyclooxygenase enzymes (COX-1 and COX-2), which are involved in the production of prostaglandins. Prostaglandins are chemicals in the body that promote inflammation, pain, and fever. By inhibiting these enzymes, Etodolac reduces inflammation, alleviates pain, and lowers fever.
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Precautions

- **Gastrointestinal Issues:**
 - Etodolac may cause stomach irritation, ulcers, or bleeding,

especially with long-term use. It should be used cautiously in individuals with a history of gastric ulcers, gastrointestinal bleeding, or inflammatory bowel disease (e.g., Crohn's disease or ulcerative colitis).

- **Kidney Function:**
 - This medication may cause kidney problems or worsen existing kidney conditions, particularly when used for long periods or at high doses.
- **Pregnancy and Breastfeeding:**
 - Avoid using Etodolac during the third trimester of pregnancy due to potential harm to the fetus.
- **Liver Disease:**
 - Use Etodolac with caution in patients with liver disorders, as the drug is metabolized by the liver.

Possible Side Effects

Common Side Effects:

- Upset stomach or indigestion
- Nausea or vomiting
- Dizziness or headache
- Diarrhea or constipation

Serious Side Effects (Seek immediate medical attention):

- Kidney problems (e.g., changes in urine output, swelling of the legs or ankles)
- Liver damage (e.g., yellowing of the skin or eyes, dark urine)
- Severe allergic reactions (e.g., rash, swelling, difficulty breathing)

Drug Interactions

- **Other NSAIDs:**
 - Do not use with other NSAIDs (e.g., ibuprofen, naproxen) as this may increase the risk of gastrointestinal side effects and kidney damage.
- **Anticoagulants (e.g., warfarin):**
 - Caution is advised, as Etodolac may increase the risk of bleeding.

Always inform your doctor about any other medications, including over-the-counter drugs or supplements, you are taking before starting Etodolac.

Storage

- Store at room temperature (20–25°C / 68–77°F), away from moisture and heat.
- Keep out of reach of children.

Important Note: Etodolac should be used under the supervision of a healthcare provider. Long-term use of NSAIDs should be regularly monitored for side effects, particularly gastrointestinal, renal, and cardiovascular risks.

Manufactured in India for:



Cafoli Lifecare Pvt. Ltd.

(An ISO 9001: 2015 Certified Co.)

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